

## **Chapter 4**

### **Quality Assurance**

#### **Sample Chain of Custody**

During the study, sample chain-of-custody procedures were an integral part of both the sampling and analytical activities and were followed for all samples collected for laboratory analysis. The final custody procedures documented each sample from the time of its collection until its receipt by the analytical laboratory. Internal laboratory records then documented the custody of the sample through its final disposition.

Standard sample chain-of-custody procedures were used. Each sample was labeled with a unique project identification number that was recorded on a sample data sheet along with other information such as sampling date, location of the sample, size of the sample (volume or area), sampling flow rate, sampling start/stop time, and conditions (environmental and operational) of sampling.

#### **Sample Analysis**

Specific quality assurance procedures were followed including those pertaining to the analysis of field blank samples, laboratory method blanks, laboratory control samples, and replicate sample analysis.

#### ***Field Blank Samples***

A field blank sample is a non-exposed sample of the medium being used for testing (e.g., mixed cellulose ester membrane filter) that is analyzed for lead as an assessment of potential lead contamination resulting from field collection and sample transport activities. The field blanks were limited to the air samples. The field blank samples for the air samples were collected by removing the colored plugs from both the top and bottom sides of the cassette for approximately 15 to 30 seconds and then replacing the plugs. The seven field blank samples did not show detectable levels of lead at a detection limit of 0.2 µg/sample.

#### ***Laboratory Control Samples***

Laboratory control samples (i.e., matrix spiked with known concentration of lead) were analyzed for each sample matrix (e.g., paint chip, wood chip, brick substrate, mixed cellulose ester filter, etc.). Each laboratory control sample (LCS) consisted of each matrix spiked with a certified reference material. The LCS spiking material references and the corresponding matrix were: paint chips - NIST Standard Reference

Material 2589, air sampling filters - Fisher Scientific Lot # 973670-24, TCLP extracts - High Purity Standards Lot # 726120, and soil - Environmental Resource Associates Inorganic Trace Metals Lot # 235. The laboratory control samples were analyzed with each sample set processed to verify that the accuracy and bias of the analytical process were within control limits.

The analytical data generated with the laboratory control samples fall within the specified laboratory control limits; hence, were generated while the laboratory was in control. Table 5 presents a summary of the laboratory control sample results. Appendix A contains the individual laboratory control sample results and the corresponding control charts.

### ***Replicate Sample Analysis***

Replicate sample analyses were performed on the field samples to determine the precision of the analytical method on each matrix (e.g., abrasive media debris, wood, brick, paint, etc.). A replicate analysis was defined in this study as a second analysis of the digestate. The precision of the analysis was estimated by the relative percent difference (RPD). The acceptance criteria for replicate analysis was <20 percent.<sup>14, 15</sup> All replicate analyses of the samples were <20 percent. Table 5 presents a summary of the replicate sample analysis results.

### ***Method Blanks***

A method blank sample was analyzed with each batch of samples to document any contamination resulting from the analytical process. The acceptance criteria were that the concentration of lead in the method blank should not be higher than the method detection limit. All method blanks showed non-detectable concentrations of lead. Table 5 presents a summary of the method blank sample results.

**Table 5. Summary of Laboratory QA/QC Analyses by Sample Set and Matrix**

Date	Sample Set ID	Matrix	Method Blank	Laboratory Control Samples (LCS)			Replicate Sample Analysis		
				% Recovery		LCS RPD <sup>a</sup>	µg/sample or ppm		Replicate RPD
				LCS 1	LCS 2		Replicate 1	Replicate 2	
4/29/98	98-S-2526	MCE Filter	ND <sup>b</sup>	98	99	1.2	98	98	0.0
4/29/98	98-S-2526	MCE Filter	ND	101	101	0.0	35	35	0.0
4/29/98	98-S-2526	MCE Filter	-	-	-	-	10	10	0.0
5/1/98	98-S-2528	TCLP Extract	ND	90	97	7.9	3.7	3.8	2.7
5/1/98	98-S-2528	TCLP Extract	-	-	-	-	32	30	6.5
4/29/98	98-S-2530	Wood Chip	ND	97	98	0.3	3000	3100	3.3
4/29/98	98-S-2530	Wood Chip	ND	101	100	1.2	970	960	1.0
4/29/98	98-S-2530	Wood Chip	-	-	-	-	5200	5100	1.9
4/30/98	98-S-2432	Paint Chip	ND	102	102	0.2	200000	190000	5.1
4/30/98	98-S-2432	Paint Chip	-	-	-	-	400000	400000	0.0
5/7/98	98-S-2746	Wood Chip	ND	100	102	2.3	1500	1500	0.0
5/7/98	98-S-2746	Wood Chip	-	-	-	-	43	41	4.8
6/11/98	98-S-3452	MCE Filter	ND	104	105	1.0	0.3	<0.2	NA <sup>c</sup>
6/11/98	98-S-3452	MCE Filter							

(continued)

**Table 5 (continued)**

Date	Sample Set ID	Matrix	Method Blank	Laboratory Control Samples (LCS)			Replicate Sample Analysis		
				% Recovery		LCS RPD <sup>a</sup>	µg/sample or ppm		Replicate RPD
				LCS 1	LCS 2		Replicate 1	Replicate 2	
6/12/98	98-S-3453	Paint Chip	ND	97	98	0.5	3500	3500	0.0
6/22/98	98-S-3454	Brick Chip	ND	103	103	0.2	30	30	0/0
6/22/98	98-S-3454	Brick Chip	ND	96	95	0.1	150	150	0.0
6/22/98	98-S-3454	Brick Chip	-	-	-	-	46	46	0.0
6/18/98	98-S-3455	MCE Filter	ND	101	101	0.0	13	13	0.0
6/18/98	98-S-3455	MCE Filter	ND	101	98	3.4	5.1	5.1	0.0
6/18/98	98-S-3455	MCE Filter	ND	100	100	0.3	68	69	1.5
6/18/98	98-S-3455	MCE Filter	-	-	-	-	160	160	0.0
7/8/98	98-S-3457	TCLP Extract	ND	96	109	13.1	2	2	0.0
7/8/98	98-S-3457	TCLP Extract	-	-	-		76	75	1.3
7/2/98	98-S-3802	TCLP Extract	ND	91	90	1.0	21	21	0.0
7/2/98	98-S-3802	TCLP Extract	ND	88	88	1.2	1.7	1.7	0.0
7/2/98	98-S-3802	TCLP Extract	-	-	-	-	7	7	0.0

<sup>a</sup> Denotes relative percent difference.

<sup>b</sup> Denotes none detected.

<sup>c</sup> Denotes not applicable. Both samples should contain concentrations of analyte above the detection limit.